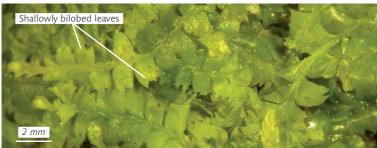
Geocalyx graveolens

Turpswort







Identification A rather succulent, aromatic, opaque, pale green leafy liverwort with shoots 0.6-3 mm wide, shallowly bilobed leaves to 1–1.5 mm long and wide, and underleaves deeply divided into 2 long, thin lobes. The fruiting structure emerges from a small cylindrical pouch on the underside of the shoot rather than from a tubular structure of modified leaves. As its English name suggests, G. graveolens has a strong, chemical smell.

Similar species G. graveolens resembles species of Lophocolea (pp. 183-186), but its leaves are all bilobed to more or less the same shallow depth, and its underleaves are a different shape. When fertile, the presence of a small pouch on the underside of the shoot, rather than a tubular structure of modified leaves, is a further point of distinction. Leiocolea species (pp. 123–128) have underleaves that are not bilobed, though they may be toothed; Acrobolbus wilsonii (Paton, p. 435) has more deeply bilobed leaves and no (or only very rudimentary) underleaves. Harpanthus scutatus (p. 189) has very narrow, entire underleaves.

Habitat This liverwort forms spongy patches amongst luxuriant mounds of other bryophytes on and among boulders, in a few localities in western Scotland and Ireland. It is most often found under leggy heather growing on coastal rock outcrops.